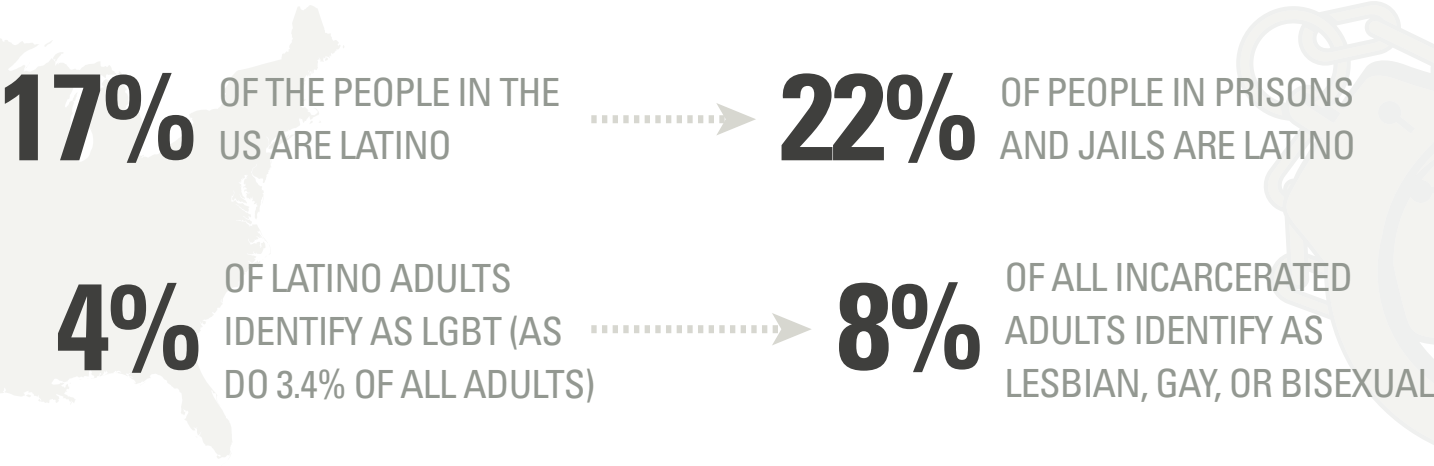


LATINO LGBT PEOPLE & THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

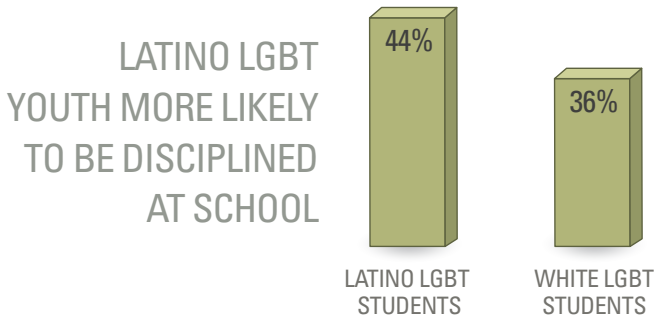
an infographic presented by



“ THERE IS A LACK OF DATA ON THE SPECIFIC EXPERIENCES OF LATINO LGBT PEOPLE IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, BUT LIMITED DATA PAINT A PICTURE OF BIAS AND OVERREPRESENTATION. ”



LATINO LGBT PEOPLE AT INCREASED RISK FOR INTERACTIONS WITH LAW ENFORCEMENT



- Latinos are more likely to be stopped by police
- Collaboration between law enforcement & immigration officials increases surveillance of communities and discourages reporting of crime
- Latina women are overrepresented in HIV criminalization cases

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, "Annual Estimates of the Resident Population by Sex, Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States and States: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2014," June 2015; Gary J. Gates and Frank Newport, "Special Report: 3.4% of U.S. Adults Identify as LGBT," Gallup, October 18, 2012; E. Ann Carson, "Prisoners in 2013," U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, September 2014; Allen J. Beck et al., "Sexual Victimization in Prisons and Jails Reported by Inmates, 2011–12," U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Bureau of Justice Statistics, May 2013; The Washington Post, "990 People Shot Dead By Police in 2015"; Neal A. Palmer, Emily A. Greytak, and Joseph G. Kosciw, "Educational Exclusion: Drop Out, Push Out, and the School-to-Prison Pipeline among LGBTQ Youth," GLSEN, 2016; Amira Hasenbush, Ayako Miyashita, and Bianca D.M. Wilson, "HIV Criminalization in California: Penal Implications for People Living with HIV/AIDS," The Williams Institute, December 2015.